
HIGH EFFICIENCY DESIGNS FOR ENERGY CONVERSION, ENERGY STORAGE AND POWER MANAGEMENT

Applied Power Electronics Conference and Exposition 2013



Henrik Zessin, Fraunhofer IIS
Long Beach, March 19, 2013

1



PSMA Energy
Harvesting Forum

© Fraunhofer IIS

 **Fraunhofer**
IIS

HIGH EFFICIENCY DESIGNS FOR ENERGY CONVERSION, ENERGY STORAGE AND POWER MANAGEMENT

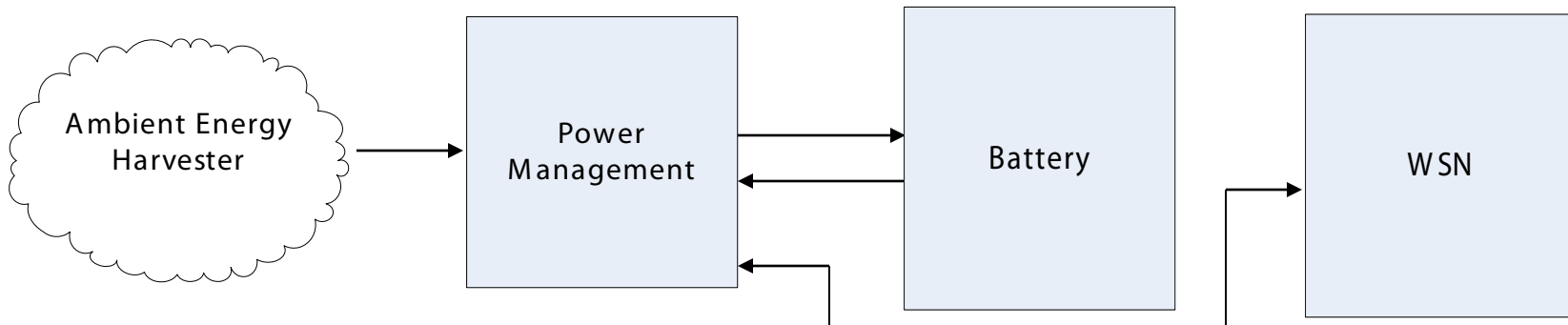
1. Introduction
2. Circuit design
3. Software and regulation loop
4. Summary



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Introduction

Energy Harvester *Energy Management* *Energy Storage* *Application*



- Photovoltaic
- Electro-Mechanical
- Thermo-Electric
- Radio Frequency

- Energy Conversion
- Manage Energy Storage
- Powers Application

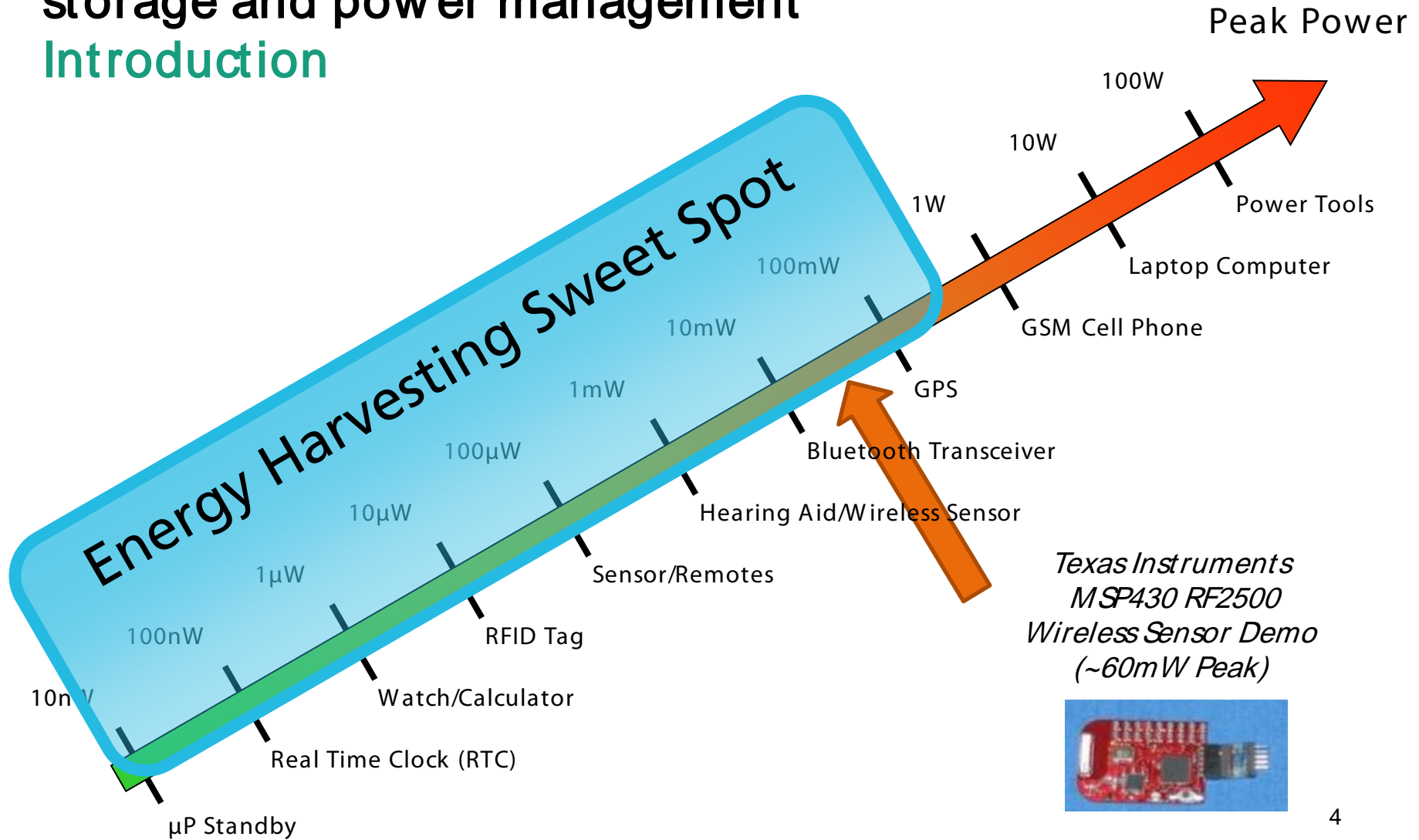
- Thin Film Battery
- Capacitor
- Traditional Battery
- Etc.

- Wireless Sensor
- Powered Card
- Implantable Medical
- Many, many more...



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

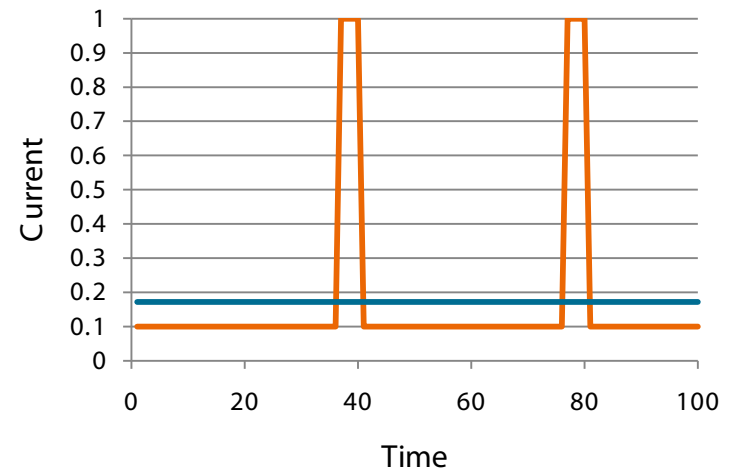
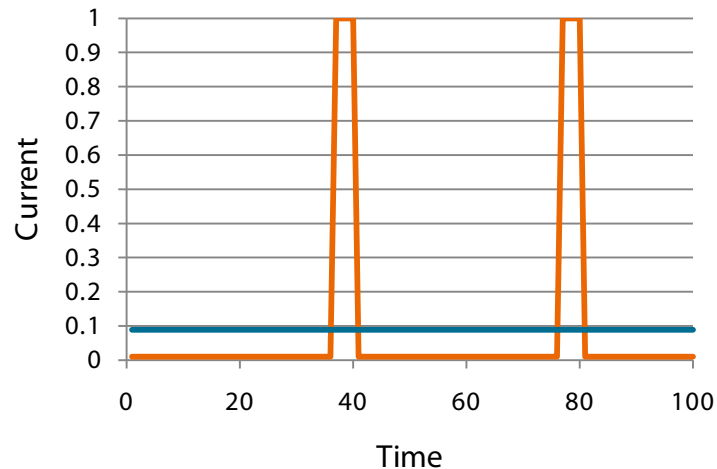
Introduction



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Introduction

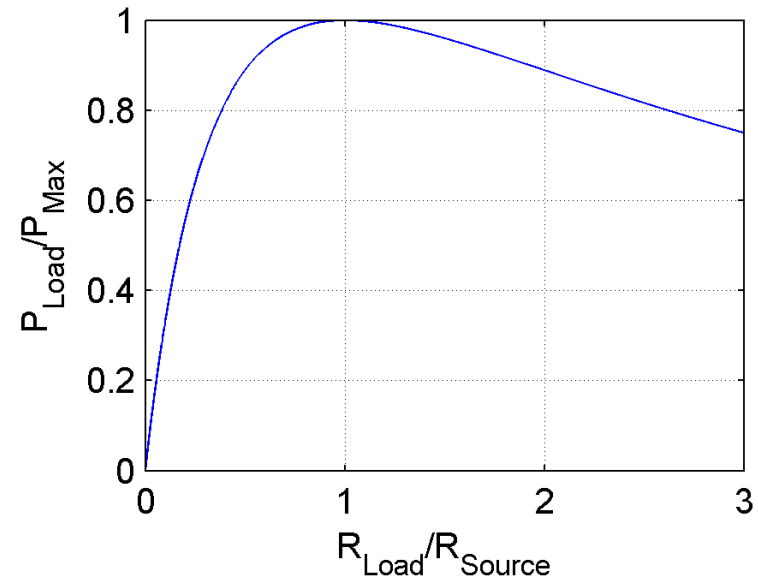
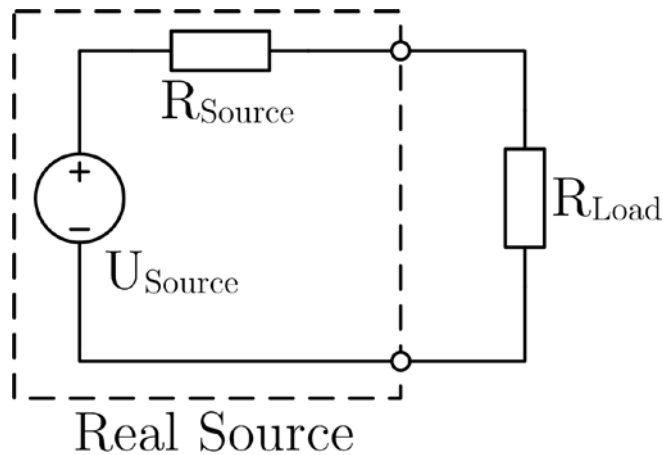
- High efficiency designs
 - Minimize **losses** (on-resistance, coil resistance, ESR, leakage, ...)
 - Minimize **standby power**
 - Maximize **harvested power**



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Introduction

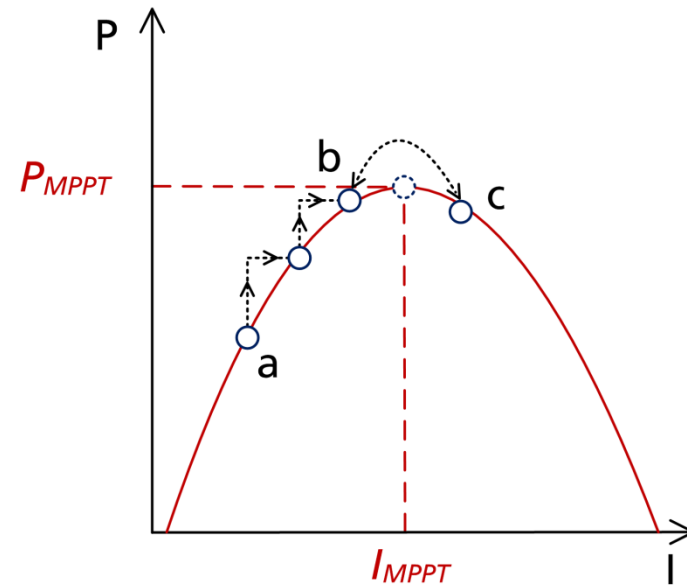
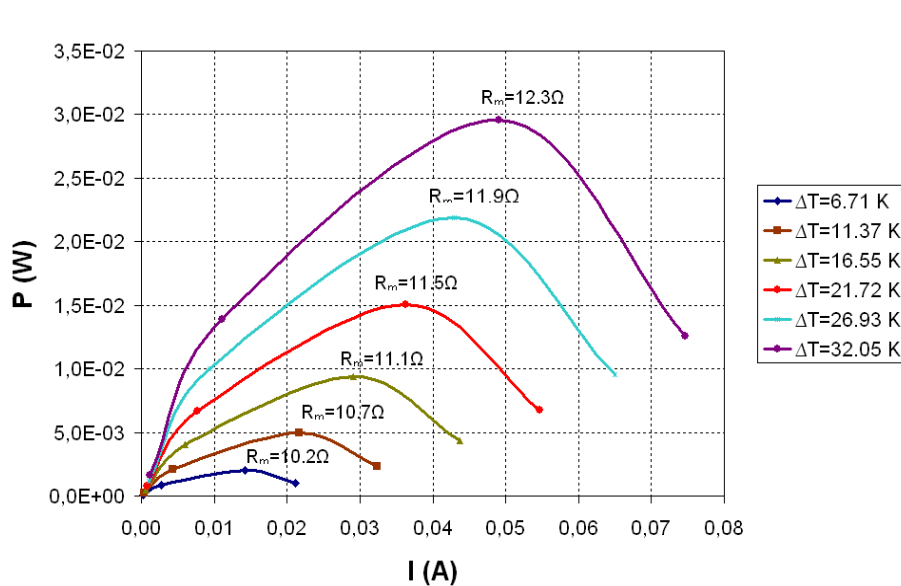
- What is the Maximum Power Point?



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Introduction

■ What is Maximum Power Point Tracking?



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Introduction

- MPPT algorithms
 - Incremental conductance ($\Delta P/\Delta V$)
 - P&O
 - Fractional OCV
- Fractional OCV
 - MPP voltage has a **fixed ratio** to open circuit voltage (0.7 – 0.8)
 - But: Ratio **not constant** and **different** for every generator
- P&O
 - **Generic** algorithm
 - **Oscillates** around MPP

} Hill climbing algorithms



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Circuit design

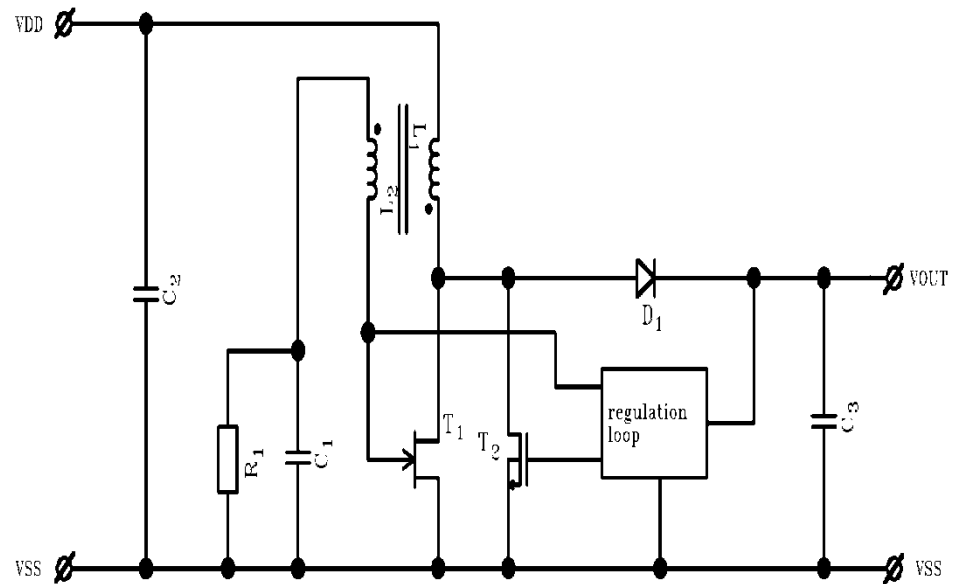
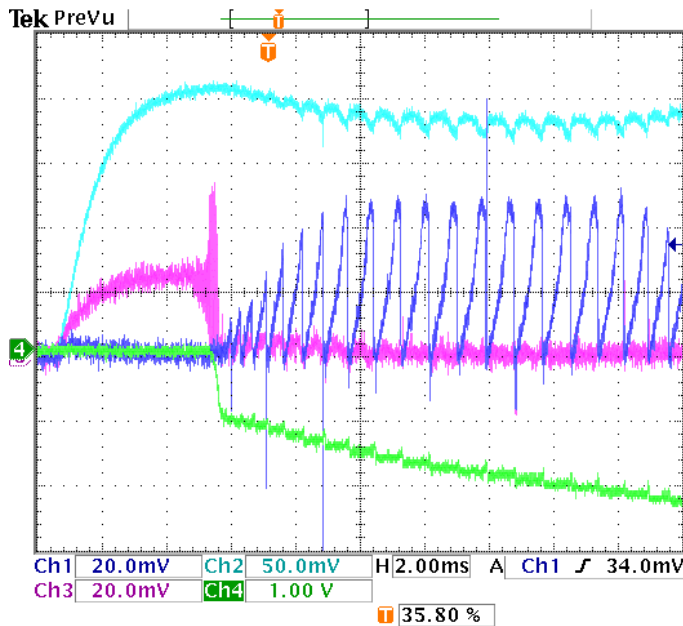
- MPPT works for **all** converter types
- This case study: Boost converter for **low voltage** sources
- Input
 - Thermogenerator
 - Solar cell
 - Fuel cell



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Circuit design

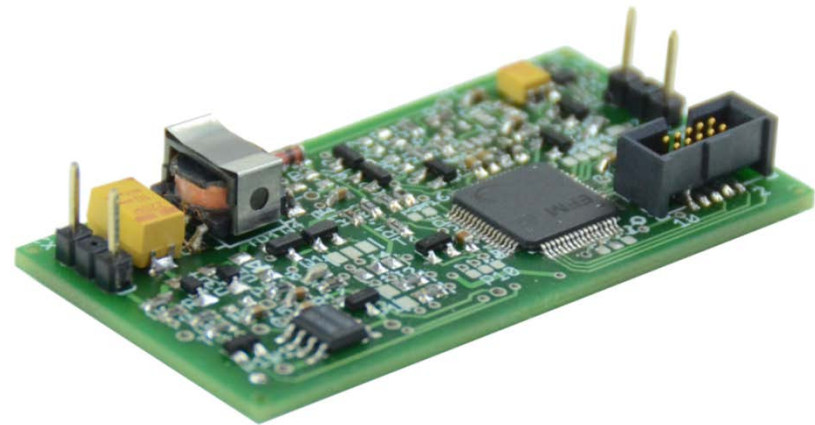
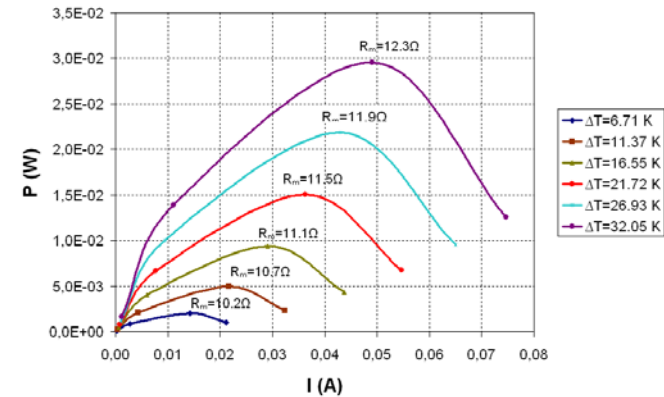
- Coupled inductor DC/DC converter
- 20mV startup voltage
- Minimal thermal gradient or illumination



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Circuit design

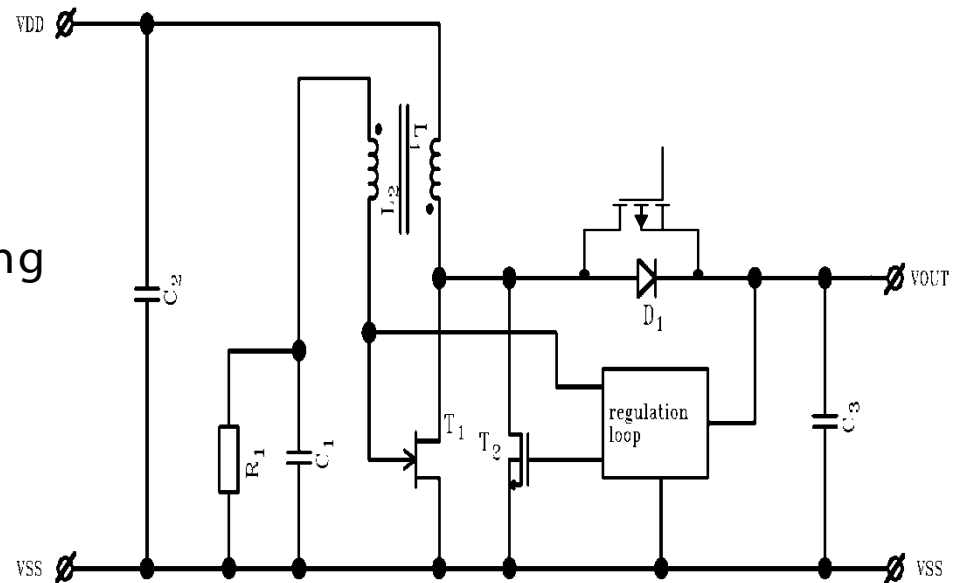
- DC/DC converter controlled by microcontroller
- Start up circuit starts at 70mV
- Digitally controlled maximum power point tracker
- Integrate your own application
- Algorithm is portable
- Regulation of input or output power



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Circuit design

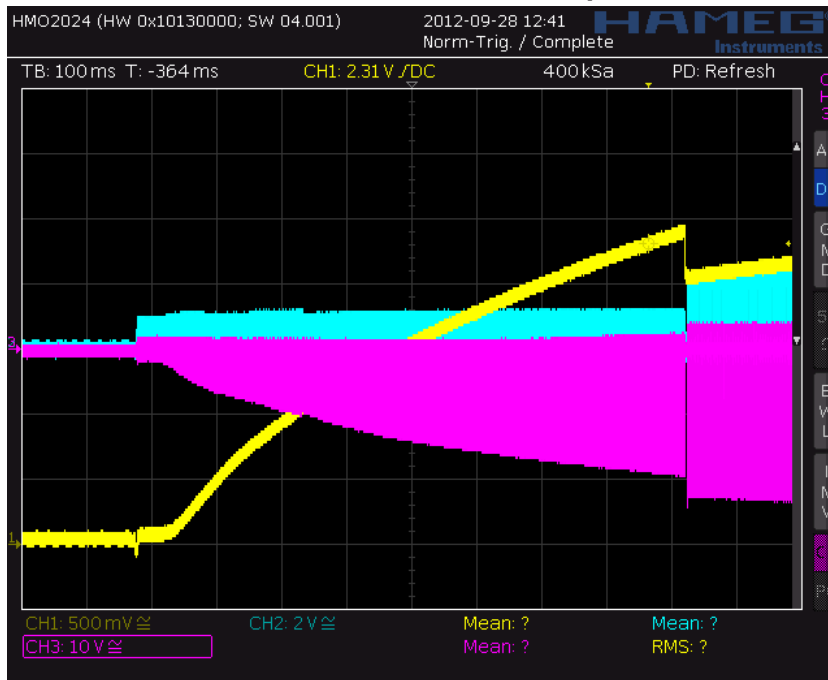
- Startup circuitry
- Synchronous rectification
- μC shuts down self-oscillating circuit when in regulation



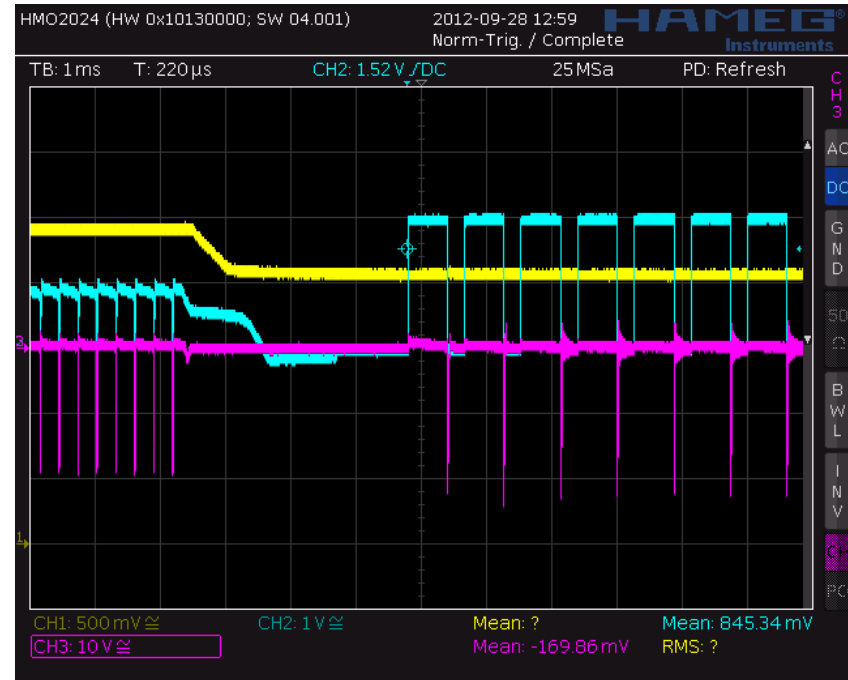
High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Circuit design

Oscillator startup



Startup of μ C and MPPT



13



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Software and regulation loop

- MPPT
 - Simple and **sufficiently precise** tracking
 - Relatively **slow**
 - Requires **more energy** than FOCV
- FOCV
 - **Simplifies** measurement
 - **Energy loss** due to sampling of open circuit voltage
 - Choosing the **sampling period**
 - Voltage constant **varies** around 0.7 and 0.8
- μ C enables **dynamically** choosing best algorithm

14



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

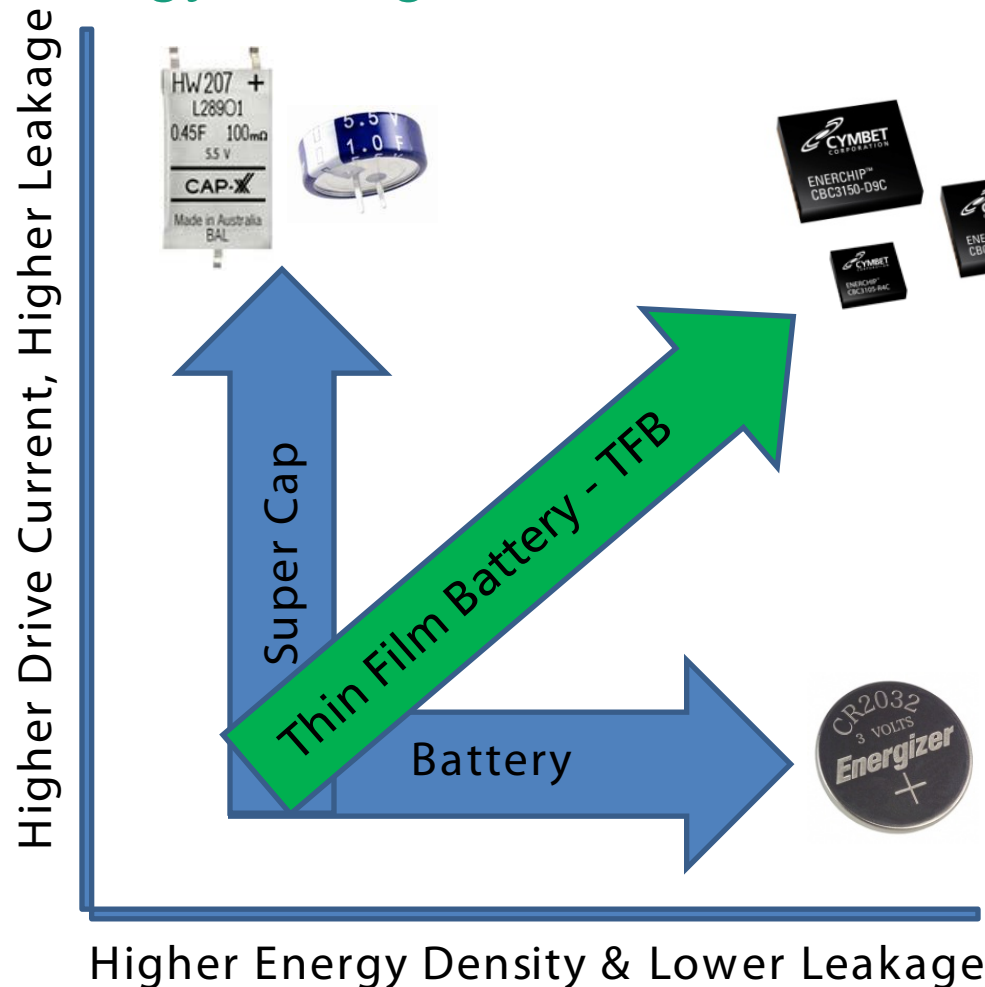
Software and regulation loop

- Clock source dependent on duty cycle
- Use hardware modules
- PWM vs. PFM
- Complete shutdown



High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Energy storage



SSB = Best of Both

- High Drive Current
- High Energy Density
 - *50 X SuperCap*
- Lowest Leakage
 - *4,000 X < SuperCap*
- Rechargeable / Long Life
- Superior Lifetime Energy – never replace a battery

High efficiency designs for energy conversion, energy storage and power management

Summary

- Most power available if load **matches source**
- **Power management** ensures maximum power output
- **Energy storage** always required
- **Transducers can be shrunk** due to more efficient power management
- System costs **significantly lower** when transducers are smaller



Thank you for listening!

Any questions.....?

- Contact: Henrik Zessin
Fraunhofer-Institute for Integrated Circuits
Nordostpark 93
90411 Nuremberg
Tel. 0911 / 58061 6425
henrik.zessin@iis.fraunhofer.de
- www.iis.fraunhofer.de/ec/power
- www.smart-power.fraunhofer.de

18

